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- Accessible
- Flexible
- Patient-centered



Precision Oncology
See it. Treat it.

Telix Pharmaceuticals Limited

Bell Potter Healthcare Conference

10th November 2021

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Telix: A global leader in radiopharmaceuticals



Extensive portfolio of diagnostic and therapeutic assets

11,000 patient doses in past 12 months¹

1st marketing authorisation received²

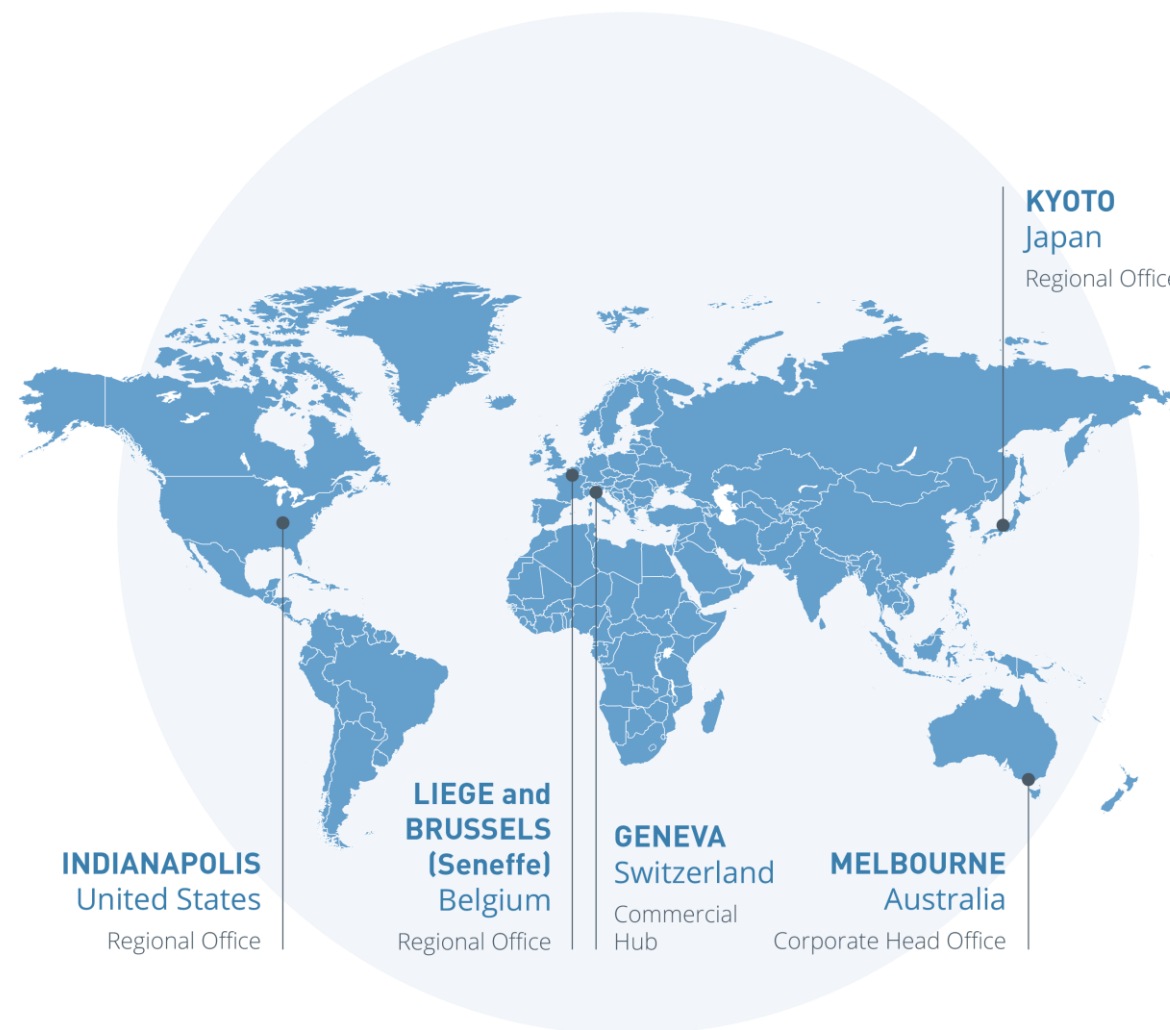
16 countries with a marketing authorisation for TLX591-CDx in progress

17 active clinical trials (7 indications)³

Leading supply chain and distribution network

80 countries in the Telix distribution network

11 countries with a manufacturing footprint



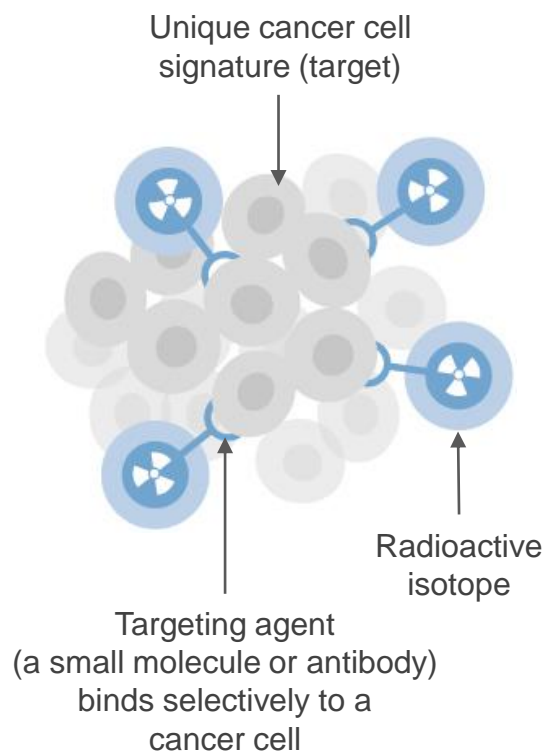
1. Clinical trial doses and magisterial / compassionate use of TLX591-CDx. 12 months from Q4 2020

2. Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA) Australia for Illuccix® – ASX 2/11/21 3. Includes partnered investigator-led studies.

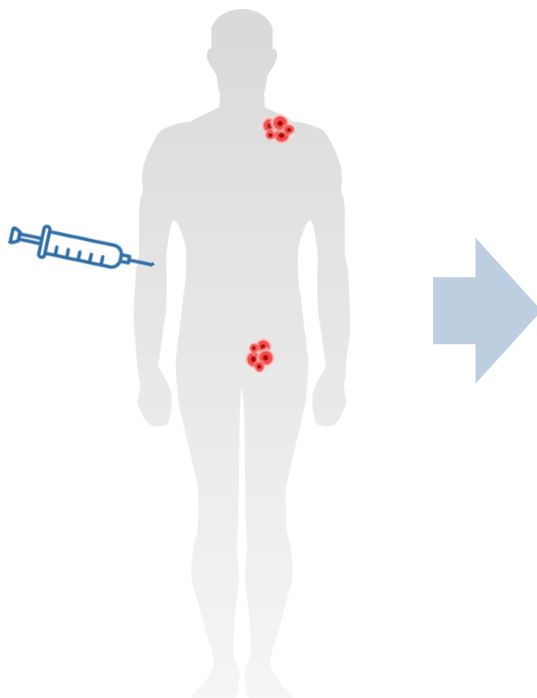
Our strategy: See It. Treat it.

Personalised, precision medicine

Targeted radiation delivery



Systemically administered



Imaging



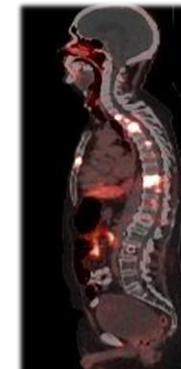
^{68}Ga , ^{89}Zr
(diagnostic isotopes)

Enables **PET images** of cancer

PET scanner



TLX591-CDx¹ (Prostate cancer)



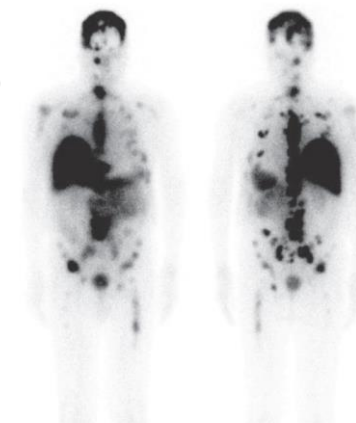
Therapy



^{177}Lu , ^{131}I , ^{225}Ac
(therapeutic isotopes)

Enables precise **radiation delivery** to the cancer

TLX591 (Prostate cancer)



1. Courtesy of Ammar Chaudhry MD, City of Hope, Duarte CA, USA.

Strategic Priorities



Use Illuccix® as a commercial launchpad

Create a high-value diagnostic portfolio

Deliver on commercial value of therapeutics

Expand the pipeline

Establish Telix's leadership in the urologic oncology domain

Kidney cancer imaging agent addresses major unmet need, builds on Illuccix® engagement

Advance late-stage assets in the core pipeline that benefit from diagnostic market entrance

Build our "IP" reserves in novel targets, clinical applications and manufacturing technologies

Deep pipeline in oncology, rare diseases



	Targeting Molecule	Target	Radioactive Isotope	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Commercial
Prostate	Small molecule	PSMA ⁽¹⁾	⁶⁸ Ga	TLX591-CDx (⁶⁸ Ga-PSMA-11, Illuccix [®])			Imaging
	Antibody	PSMA	¹⁷⁷ Lu	TLX591 (¹⁷⁷ Lu-rosopatamab)			Therapy
	Antibody	PSMA	²²⁵ Ac	TLX592 (²²⁵ Ac-RADmAb [®])			Therapy (2 nd Gen)
	Small molecule	PSMA	^{99m} Tc	TLX599-CDx (^{99m} Tc-iPSMA)			Imaging/Surgery
	Small molecule	PSMA	⁶⁸ Ga	TLX591-Sx (⁶⁸ Ga-PSMA-IRDye)			Imaging/ Surgery
Kidney	Antibody	CA9 ⁽²⁾	⁸⁹ Zr	TLX250-CDx (⁸⁹ Zr-girentuximab)			Imaging
	Antibody	CA9	¹⁷⁷ Lu	TLX250 (¹⁷⁷ Lu-girentuximab)			Therapy
Brain	Small molecule	LAT-1 ⁽³⁾	¹⁸ F	TLX101-CDx (¹⁸ F-FET)			Imaging
	Small molecule	LAT-1	¹³¹ I	TLX101(¹³¹ I-IPA)			Therapy
BMC/RD ⁽⁴⁾	Antibody	CD66 ⁽⁵⁾	^{99m} Tc	TLX66-CDx (^{99m} Tc-besilesomab, Scintimun [®])			Imaging
	Antibody	CD66	⁹⁰ Y	TLX66 (⁹⁰ Y-besilesomab)			Therapy

Shaded arrows indicate completion expectations in the next 12 months.

1. Prostate-specific membrane antigen.
2. Carbonic anhydrase IX.
3. Large amino acid transporter 1.
4. Bone marrow conditioning and rare disease.
5. Cluster of differentiation 66.

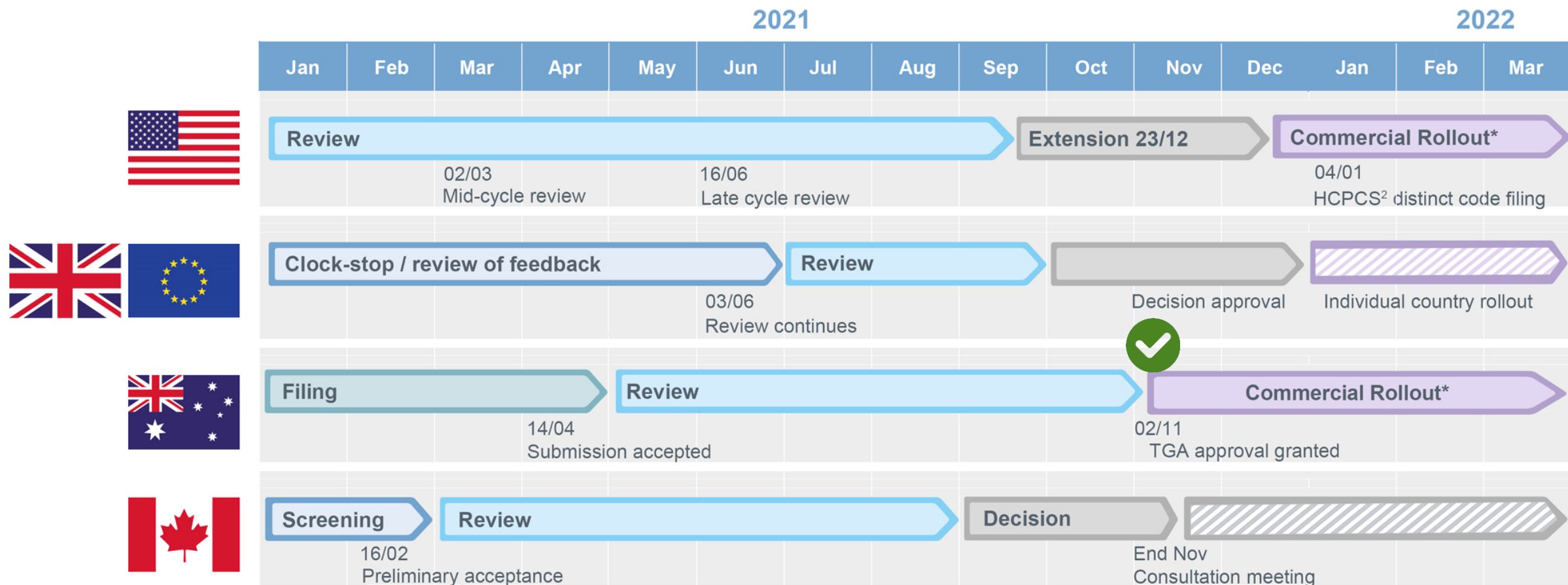


Iluccix[®] Imaging
Ready to launch



Illuccix[®] approval and rollout milestones

US FDA PDUFA¹ goal date 23 December 2021



*Subject to approval

1. United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Prescription Drug User Fee Act, Goal Date

2. Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System

Planned US Illuccix[®] roll-out : The gallium wave



www.galliumwave.com

- **Access** to ~90% eligible PET sites
- **On-demand** pharmacy-based production with a high yield product
- **Customer** and patient scheduling flexibility – we give control back to the customer



Illuccix[®] (Kit for the preparation of ⁶⁸Ga-PSMA-11) is an investigational product and has not attained a marketing authorisation in any jurisdiction, including the United States. Product launch in the United States is subject to FDA approval of a New Drug Application (NDA)

PSMA-PET imaging emerging as standard of care in prostate cancer



Inclusion in guidelines are driving clinical adoption and reimbursement

- Updated National Comprehensive Cancer Network Guidelines® include Ga-68 PSMA-11 PET/CT to be considered as an alternative to standard imaging of bone and soft tissue¹
 - ✓ Conventional imaging no longer a necessary prerequisite to PSMA-PET
 - ✓ Expanded indication: detection of unfavourable intermediate, high and very high risk as well as recurrent prostate cancer
- Society of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging ([SNMMI](#)) updated Appropriate Use Criteria ([AUC](#)) recognizes higher accuracy in the initial staging evaluation²
- Two of the four main Radiology Benefit Managers (RBMs) - AIM Specialty Health³ and NIA Magellan⁴ – are now recommending PSMA-PET *representing a significant portion of commercial payor (health insurance) reimbursement policies*



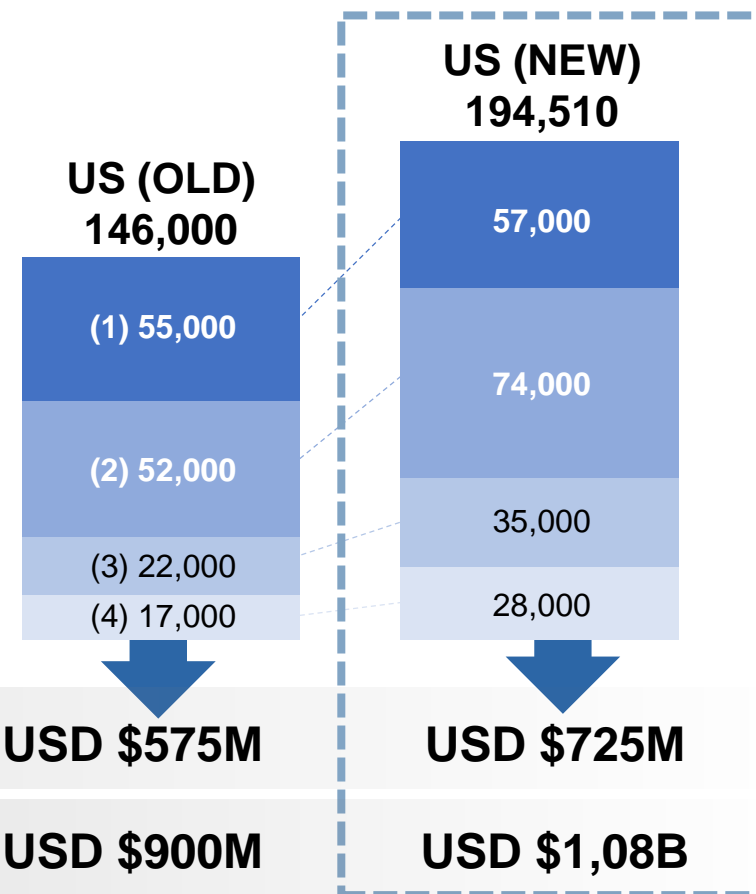
1. NCCN® Prostate Cancer Guidelines Update, Version 1.2022 – 10/09/21
2. SNMMI AUC for PSMA-PET Imaging: <https://www.snmmi.org/ClinicalPractice/content.aspx?ItemNumber=38657>
3. AIM Clinical Appropriateness Guidelines, Advanced Imaging. AUC: Oncologic Imaging (Effective 7/11/21).
4. National Imaging Associates Magellan Clinical Guidelines For Medical Necessity Review, Advanced Imaging Guideline (Effective 01/01/22)

Market opportunity expanded

Due to growing incident rates and indication expansion

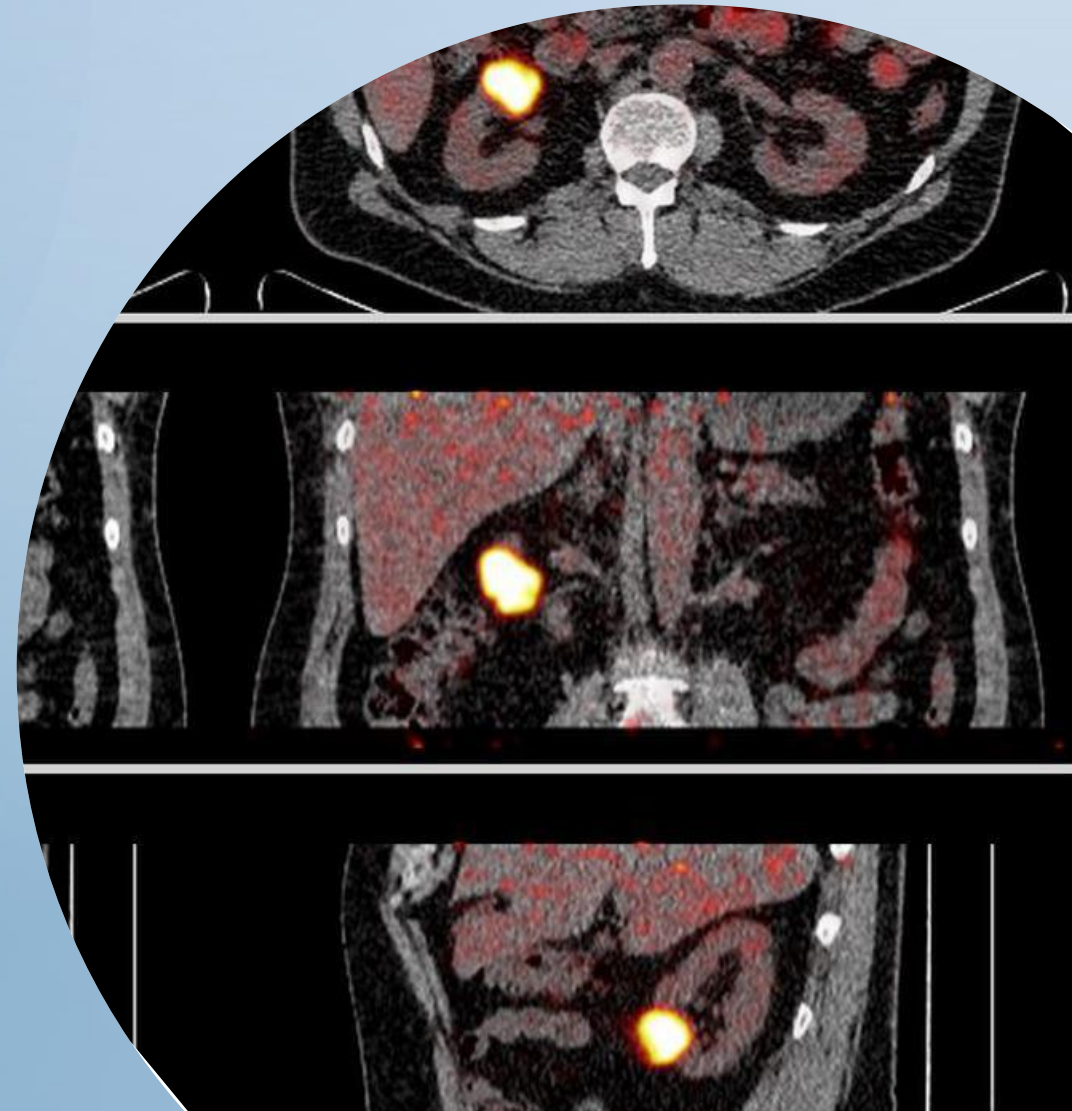
US patients with prostate cancer eligible for PSMA-PET imaging

1. Primary staging in newly diagnosed high-risk prostate cancer
2. Biochemical recurrence following prostatectomy or radiation therapy
3. Monitoring of response to systemic therapy
4. Patient selection for PSMA targeted radio-ligand therapy (RLT)



1. Telix markets = US + EU countries included in MAA submission to Danish Medicines Authority on 30 April 2020.
 2. American Cancer Society. Cancer Facts & Figures 2021. Atlanta, GA: American Cancer Society; 2021.
 3. GLOBOCAN 2020 reported incidence of prostate cancer in Telix EU markets.
 4. US TAM value = USD \$750M, EU TAM value = USD \$325M.

Renal Cancer Imaging
*Building a high value
genitourinary (GU)
oncology portfolio*



Building a high-value portfolio in GU oncology

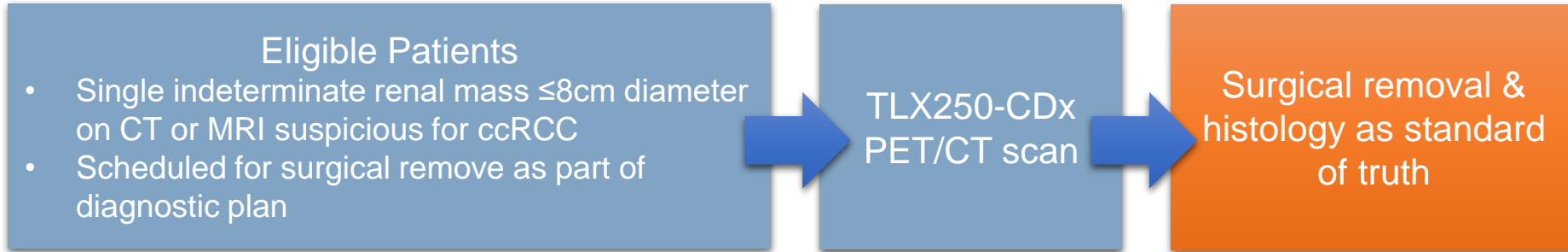
“Breakthrough Therapy” designation, clinical leadership opportunity

- TLX250-CDx is an investigational product being developed for imaging of clear cell renal cell carcinoma (ccRCC) with PET
- Potential to deliver on unmet need for improved staging of ccRCC
 - Identifies “indeterminate renal masses” through improved, whole of body imaging and optimising opportunity for minimally invasive treatment options
- Mission is to build on Illuccix® GU oncology customer base with a second high-value product
- BLA consultation process to commence by end-year
- Limited commercial competition, high unmet medical need



Whole body scan of a 57-year-old male patient revealing 3 lesions. Only those at renal and adrenal level (lower 2 arrows) were also detected on CT. Merx et al, EJNMMI, 2021.

ZIRCON Phase III trial of TLX250-CDx for imaging of ccRCC



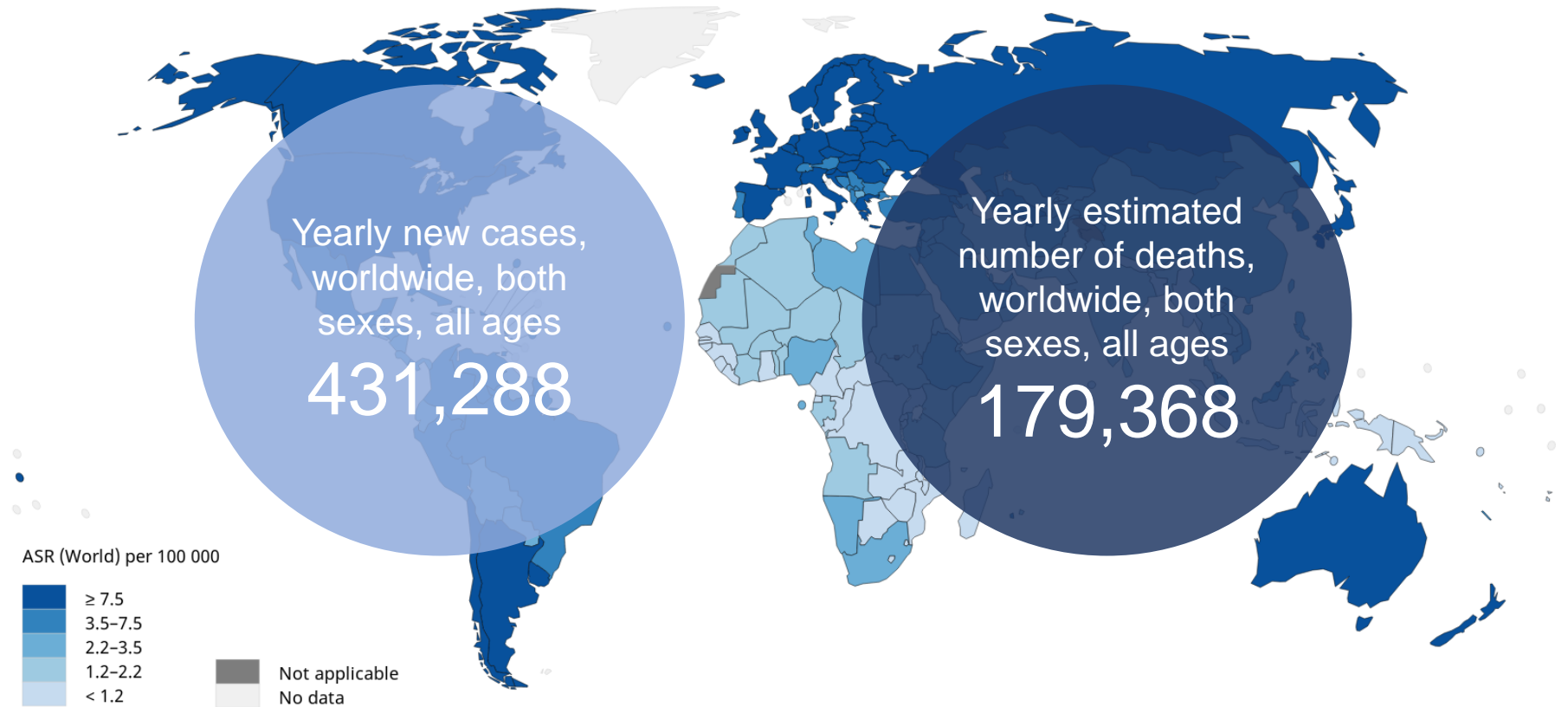
- International, multi-centre, Phase III trial in ~252 patients with an indeterminate renal mass suspicious of ccRCC
 - ✓ **Primary endpoint:** Sensitivity and specificity of PET/CT imaging with TLX250-CDx to non-invasively detect ccRCC in patients with indeterminate renal masses, using histology as standard of truth
- 34 sites participating
 - ✓ 70% recruited, progressing well towards completion
 - ✓ United States, Canada, Europe, Turkey, Australia
- ZIRDAC-JP Phase I/II bridging trial of TLX250-CDx in Japan
 - ✓ Phase I objectives met, Phase II in planning, potential to include Chinese patients to expand Asian utility

TLX250-CDx: Delivering an unmet need in renal cancer imaging



- Total addressable market value in US and Europe estimated at US\$3-400M
- Low competition, opportunity for market leadership in renal cancer
- Addresses a major unmet medical need

Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2020, kidney, both sexes, all ages



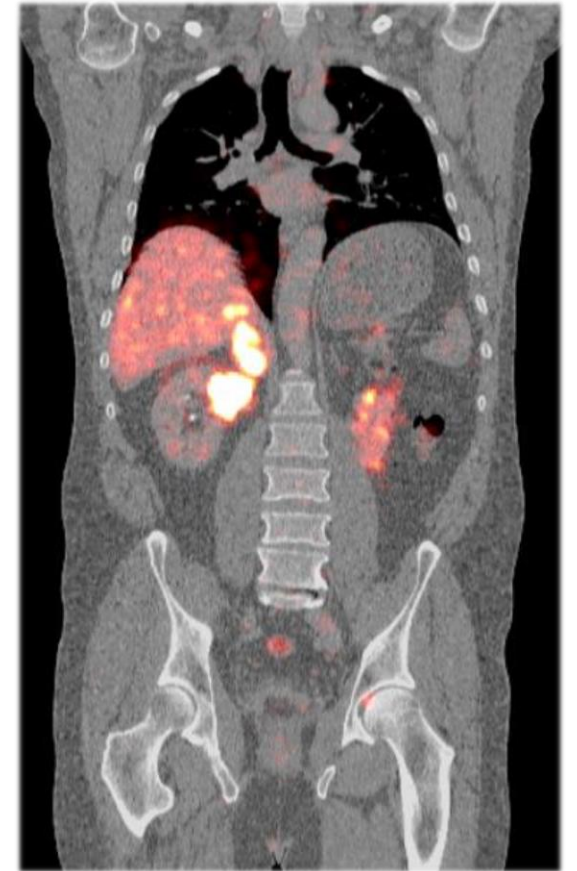
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Data source: GLOBOCAN 2020
Graph production: IARC
(<http://gco.iarc.fr/today>)
World Health Organization



STARLITE[★] TLX250 in combination with immunotherapy

- Phase II trial of TLX250 plus nivolumab in ~30 patients with ccRCC who have progressed following prior immunotherapy
- Evaluates TLX250-delivered radiation as an immune system “primer”
 - ✓ Targets carbonic anhydrase IX (CA9)¹ – a protein highly expressed in patients that are likely to demonstrate a more limited response to cancer immunotherapy
- Primary endpoint
 - ✓ To determine the efficacy of combination therapy with ¹⁷⁷Lu-girentuximab (TLX250) as assessed by the number of tumours responding to the Telix therapy versus the current standard of care alone
- FDA Investigational New Drug Application (IND) accepted for Starlite 2 study, being undertaken at Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Centre
- Additional Starlite Phase II study to be initiated at a second US site



1. Giatromanolaki et al. *British Journal of Cancer*. 2020.

PROST *ACT*

Prostate Cancer Therapy
Our vision for prostate cancer



ProstACT program overview



Expanded program will add value and clinical insight to TLX591 platform

Radiogenomics study (Phase I)

- Australia & NZ
- 30-50 patients
- First line mCRPC



Treat the scan

Correlation between imaging and therapy to optimise patient selection

Combination with EBRT in oligometastatic early recurrence (Phase II)

- Australia
- 50 patients
- Co-funded by GenesisCare



Early data in front line care

Efficacy data in patients in their first recurrence

Pivotal Phase III study in patients with mCRPC progressing on 1st line novel androgen agents

- International
- 390 patients
- Second line mCRPC



TLX591 + Standard of Care (SoC) vs. SoC alone

- **SELECT** – radiogenomics study enhances patient selection and supports indication expansion based on a “theranostic” approach
- **TARGET** – in partnership with GenesisCare, evaluates TLX591 in a front-line setting
- **GLOBAL** – Multiple data read-outs throughout the ProstACT program duration
- Growing pharma engagement and collaboration (i.e. Merck)

Antibody vs small molecule



Efficacy

Significantly improved overall survival; cross-trial comparison of 40+ months vs. 15.3 months in a comparable end-stage patient population^{1,2}



Patient comfort

Reduced potential for undesirable side-effects; dry eye, xerostomia (salivary gland ablation), back pain (ganglia irradiation)



Patient-centric regimen

Short treatment duration/significantly fewer hospital visits – two weeks total vs. 36 weeks, supports close supervision by medical oncology



Cost effective

Reduced ¹⁷⁷Lu isotope requirement via more targeted dosing/less waste
COGS ~1/5 of competition, expected to also be available in “cold kit” format

1. Tagawa et al, Cancer 2019.

2. Cross-trial comparison, randomised controlled trial (RCT) required for verification.

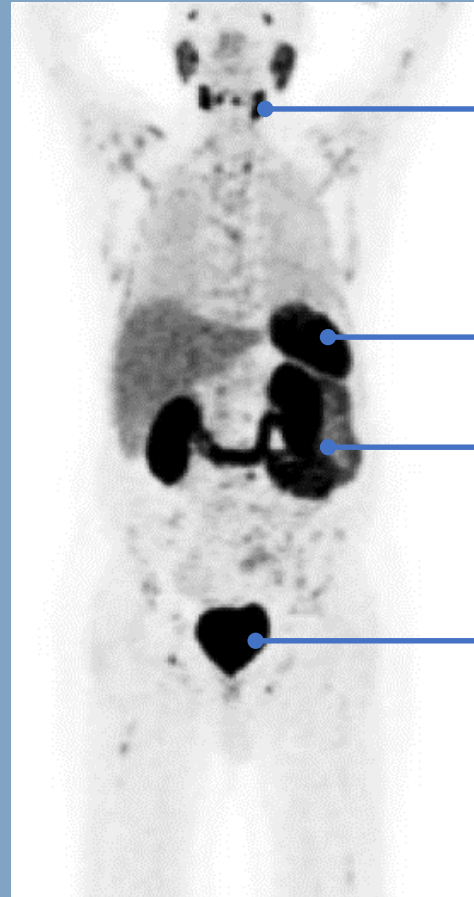
Off-target irradiation – quality of life matters

TLX591

Antibodies are functionally specific for tumour-expressed PSMA and do not “hit” most endogenous PSMA expression

Liver (preferred clearance organ)

Fecal excretion



Lacrimal, Parotid, Submandibular (salivary) glands

Spleen, Liver

Kidneys, Small bowel

Bladder (urinary excretion)

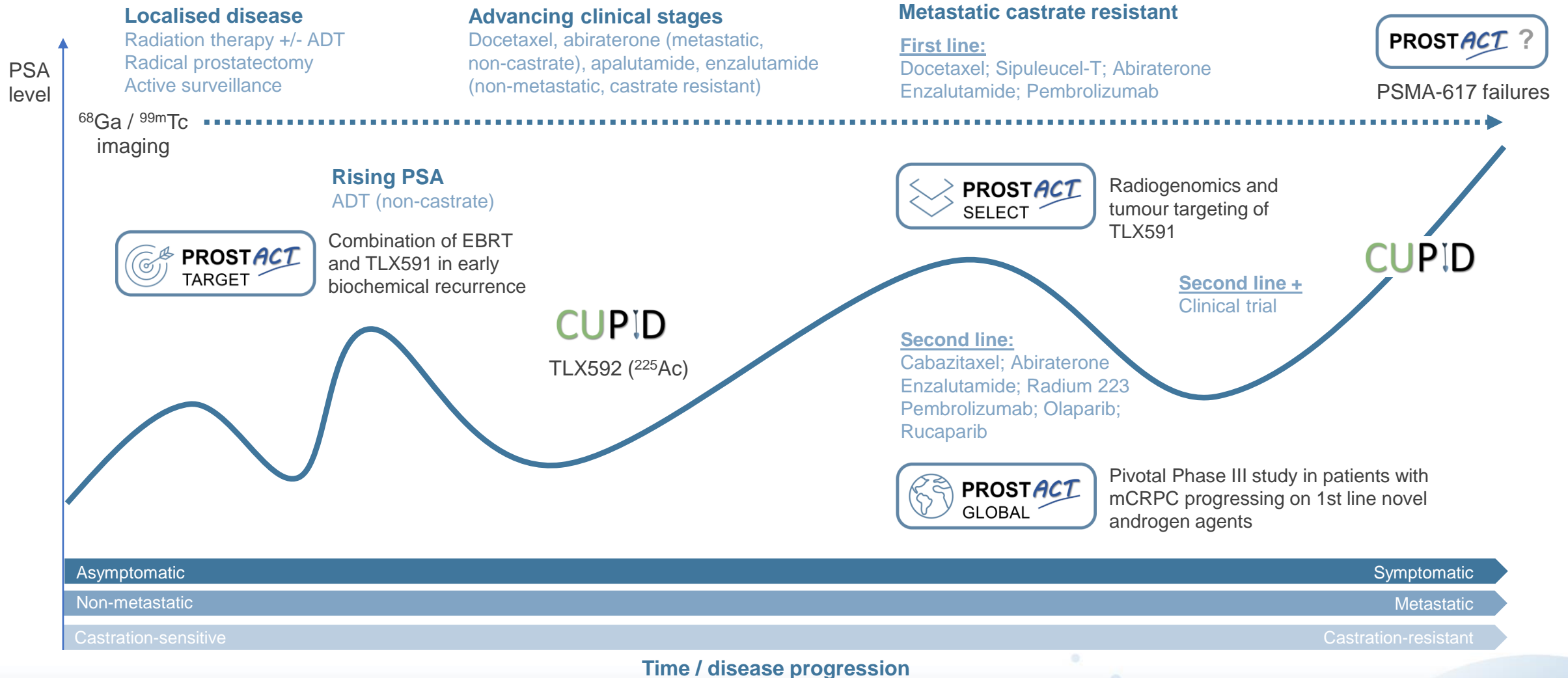
Small molecule

Small molecule radioligands taken up by endogenous PSMA

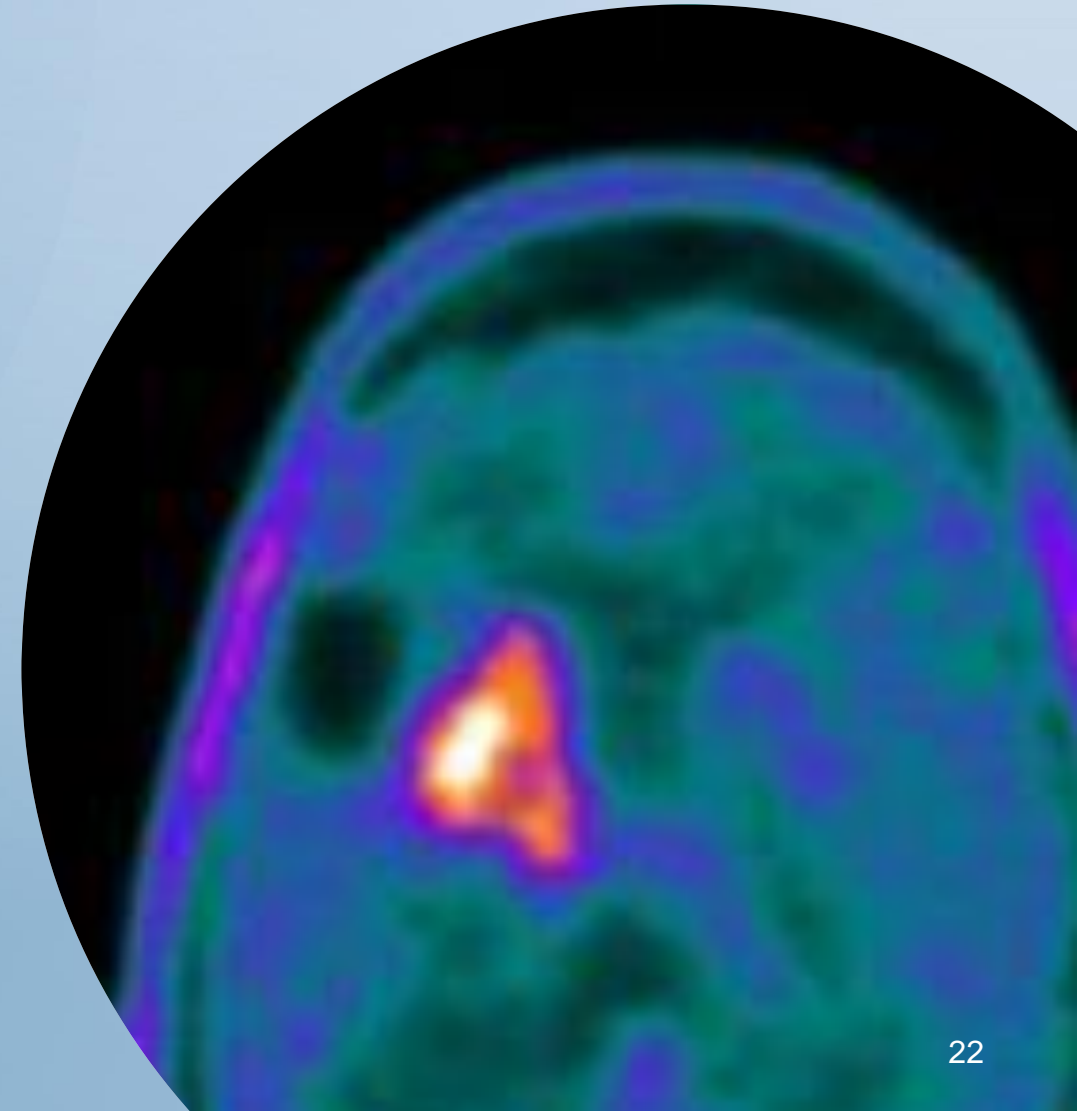
Additional off-target effects with small molecule radioligands (not experienced with TLX591)

- Dry eye
- Xerostomia
- Back pain from ganglia irradiation

Our clinical mission: Support the patient every step of the way



Rare Diseases Program

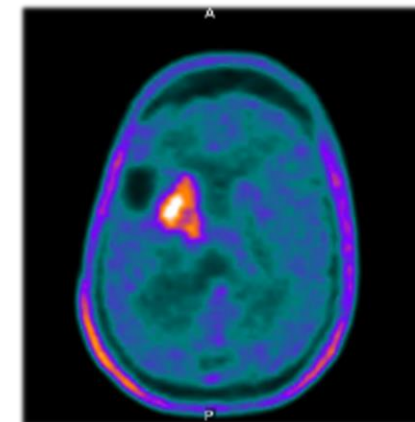


IPAX-I Phase I/II trial of TLX101 for the treatment of GBM¹

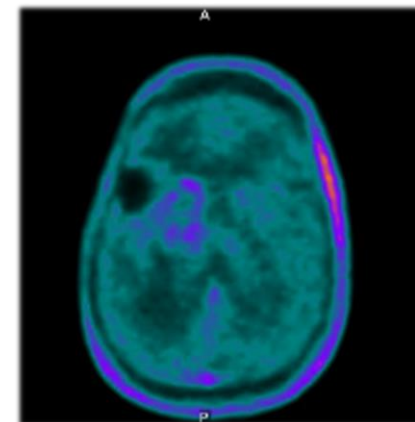
TLX101 in combination with EBRT²

IPAX-1

- Multi-centre Phase I/II trial of TLX101 in combination with EBRT in patients with recurrent GBM
 - ✓ **Primary endpoint:** Safety and tolerability
 - ✓ **Secondary endpoints include:** MTD³, efficacy, dosimetry
- ✓ All patients evaluated received similar total activity dose of ~2GBq (2000 MBq) of TLX101, either in a single administration or a triple-fractionated regimen.
- First-peer review data presented at Congress of Neurological Surgeons (CNS) Annual Meeting in October 2021
 - ✓ All patients evaluated received similar total activity dose of ~2GBq (2000 MBq) of TLX101, either in a single administration or a triple-fractionated regime.
 - ✓ Treatment well tolerated, typically grade 1 – 2 adverse events
 - ✓ Evidence of anti-tumour effect from both imaging and clinical assessment
 - ✓ Overall survival (OS) on this interim analysis shows median 15.97 months to date, with three patients exhibiting stable disease at day 135 and two with stable disease at day 180



Baseline PET scan



Day 45 PET scan post TLX101 therapy

1. Glioblastoma Multiforme.
 2. External beam radiation therapy.
 3. Maximum tolerated dose.

TRALA Phase I trial of ⁹⁰Y-besilesomab (TLX66) in SALA¹

Targeted Radiotherapy for Amyloid Light Chain Amyloidosis (TRALA)²

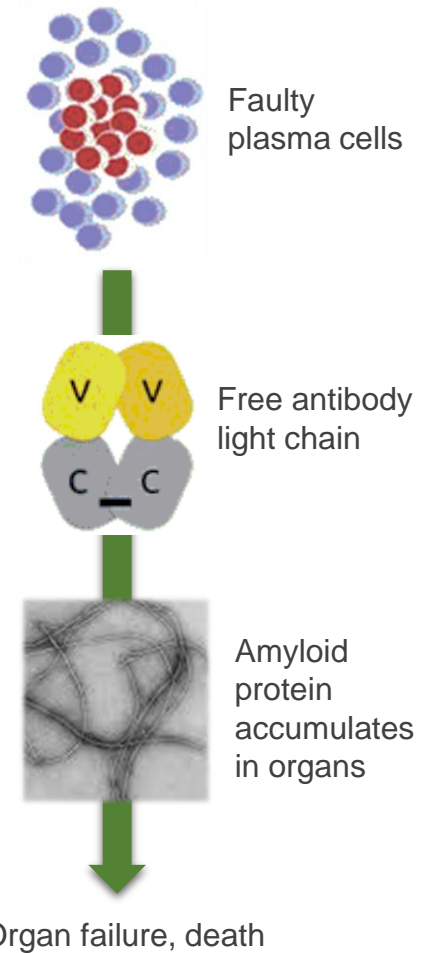
• SALA

- ✓ Rare disease with a poor prognosis (median survival ~11 months if untreated)
- ✓ Plasma cells in the bone marrow produce abnormal protein called 'amyloid' which accumulates in the organs and causes them to fail
- ✓ Prevalence of ~30,000 (US) and 45,000 (EU) patients, ~US\$600M TAM³ in US and 'EU5'

- Current standard of care comprises induction therapy (cyclophosphamide, bortezomib, dexamethasone) plus high dose melphalan BMC⁴, followed by HSCT^{5, 6}

• TRALA study

- ✓ **Primary endpoint:** Safety and toxicity of ⁹⁰Y-besilesomab as the sole BMC regime for autologous HSCT in patients with SALA
- ✓ Study complete, preliminary data (9 pts) demonstrated 100% engraftment and high PR/CR rate (5/2)



1. Systemic amyloid light chain amyloidosis.

2. <https://www.clinicaltrialsregister.eu/ctr-search/trial/2015-002231-18/GB>

3. Total addressable market.

4. Bone marrow conditioning.

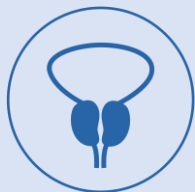
5. Hematopoietic stem cell transplant.

6. Venner C, et al. *Blood*. (2012) 119 (19): 4387–4390.

Outlook



Momentum and focus leading into key inflection points



**Launch
Illuccix[®]**

**US FDA decision (goal date)
23 December 2021
(+ 3-month PDUFA extension)**

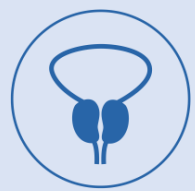
- ✓ Launch ready
- ✓ TGA approval received



**Complete
ZIRCON**

**Phase III imaging trial in renal cancer,
Breakthrough Designation,
and year-end completion**

- ✓ Enrolment expected to complete by year-end, recruitment accelerating
- ✓ FDA BLA consultation process to commence by year-end

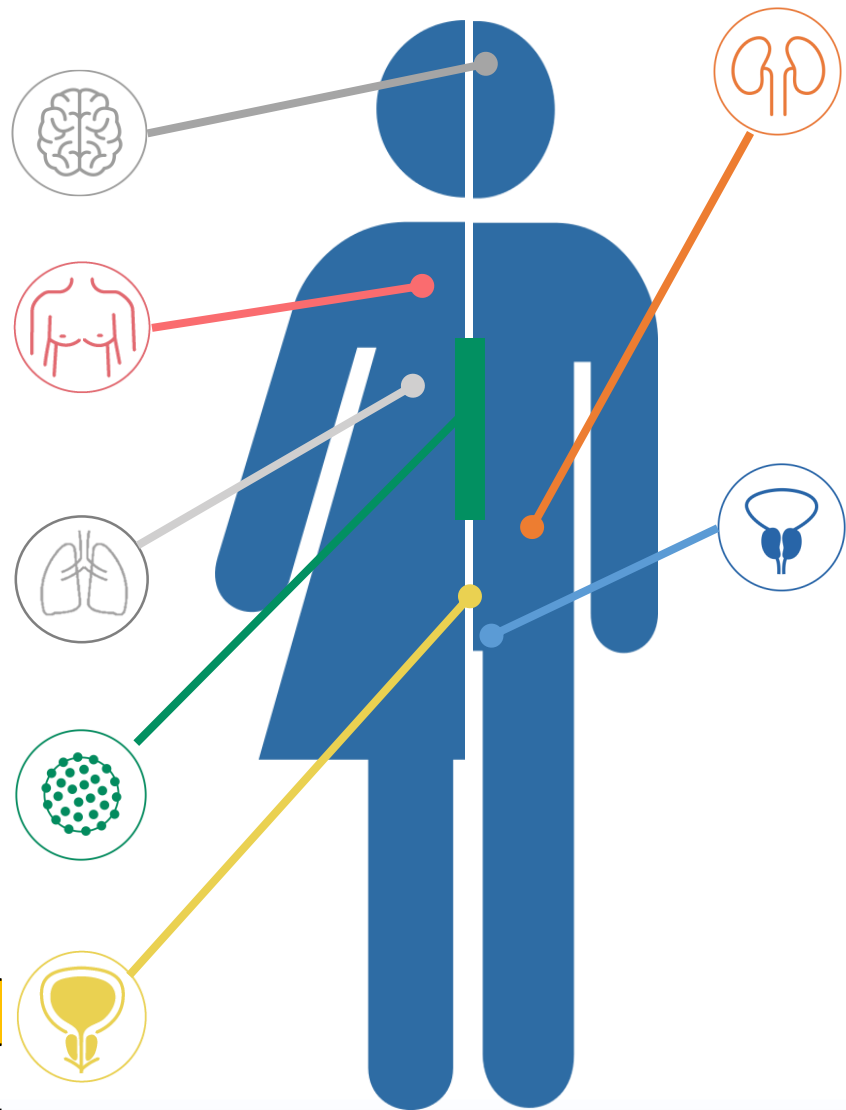


**Commence
ProstACT**

**Phase III therapy trial initiated in
metastatic castrate resistant
prostate cancer (mCRPC)**

- ✓ Initial launch in Australia (CTN/ethics)
- ✓ US/EU site selection underway
- ✓ Expanded ProstACT program launched to support future indication expansion

We are pioneering a new oncology modality



Glioblastoma

Ph	Name	Asset	Dx/Tx
I/II	IPAX-1	TLX101	Tx

Breast Cancer

Ph	Name	Asset	Dx/Tx
II	OPAESCENCE	TLX250-CDx	Dx
I	Emory University	TLX591-CDx	Dx

Lung Cancer

Ph	Name	Asset	Dx/Tx
I	Royal Adelaide (IIT)	APOMAB	Dx/Tx

Bone Marrow Conditioning

Ph	Name	Asset	Dx/Tx
I/IIa	TRALA	TLX66	Tx

Bladder Cancer

Ph	Name	Asset	Dx/Tx
I	ZiP-UP	TLX250-CDx	Dx

Renal Cancer

Ph	Name	Asset	Dx/Tx
III	ZIRCON	TLX250-CDx	Dx
I/II	ZIRDAC	TLX250-CDx	Dx
II	STARLITE-1	TLX250	Tx
II	STARLITE-2	TLX250	Tx

Prostate Cancer

Ph	Name	Asset	Dx/Tx
III	University of Linz (IIT)	TLX591-CDx	Dx
II	Emory University (IIT)	TLX591-CDx	Dx
II	ENHANCING Enzalutamide-Enhanced Imaging	TLX591-CDx	Dx
II	Mem. Sloan Kettering (IIT)	TLX591-CDx	Dx
N/A*	NBLE Noble by Telix	TLX599-CDx	Dx
III	PROSTACT	TLX591	Tx
I	CUPID	TLX592	Tx

*Registry study



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